



(Continued on page 5)



## Colds Stopped In Ten Minutes



There is a new remedy that is very pleasant—it fills the nose, throat and lungs with a healing balsam from the pine woods, and utilizes that marvelous antiseptic of the Blue Gum Tree of Australia.

The remedy is "CATARRHOZONE"—and you can't find its equal for colds, coughs or catarrh.

Composed of medicinal pine essences—a remedy of nature, that's what CATARRHOZONE is, and you'll find it mighty quick to act and certain to stop your cold.

Don't dope your stomach with cough mixtures—use CATARRHOZONE, which is scientific and certain; it will act quickly. Two months' treatment guaranteed, costs \$1.00; small (trial) size 50¢. Sold by druggists everywhere. By mail from The Catarrh-zone Co., Montreal.

## THE RED MARSHAL

—BY—  
GORDON CASSERLY  
Author of "The Jungle Girl," "The Elephant God," etc.  
Serial Rights Arranged Through Geo. McLeod, Ltd., Publishers, Toronto.

(Continued)

An hour or two later I entered the mess-room of the officers of the Guard and was welcomed by de Pontlieu. De Montesquieu, with d'Armeville who had extended him a ready invitation, followed close on my heels and sat down near us. There were several of the Gardes du Corps and the Swiss Guards present; but I could not see Hanselmann. We began supper, my host, who seemed to have little appetite and to be ill at ease, presapp wine on me and partaking of it freely himself. He talked at random of different matters, trifled with his food and watched the door nervously. He looked up hurriedly every time it opened and admitted officers of the Guard and their guests.

We were half-way through supper when Baron Hanselmann entered the room, accompanied by two lieutenants of the Comte d'Artois's Guards. They saluted the company present and then came over to the table next to ours. It had apparently been reserved for them. Hanselmann nodded familiarly to my host, bowed ceremoniously to me and sat down with his back to me. His companions called loudly for feed champagne, a drink that had come into fashion during the late king's reign. They were boisterous and half-intoxicated. An occasional glance behind me showed that, while they drank freely, Hanselmann hardly touched his wine, though he made a show of raising his glass to his lips frequently. I rarely detected his voice amidst the noisy chatter of his friends. I went on calmly with my supper, feeling a certain amount of curiosity as to what was going to happen and wondering how my adversary, for so I believed him to be, would bring about a quarrel with me. I had decided on my course of action.

My host gave up the pretence of conversing with me and devoted himself to his supper. But de Montesquieu and d'Armeville, with the evident intention of letting it be seen that I had friends near me, addressed me frequently from their table. Hanselmann never looked round; and I began to wonder if my conjectures were wrong and nothing was destined to happen that night.

d'Armeville called across to me: "De Montesquieu is boasting of his prowess as a skater. But I have wagered that, if we have ice here next winter, you will, after your practice in America, make an infinitely better display."

I was about to reply when Hanselmann, turning round, said to me in a loud voice: "What a pity that you will be gone from Versailles before winter comes, M. de Brest!"

Though his remark surprised me, I showed no signs of it and replied calmly, turning towards him: "You are mistaken, M. le Baron. I have no intention of quitting Versailles."

Hanselmann turned his chair completely round and sat facing me. I noticed that at the same time he adroitly swung his scabbard clear of the table, so that the sword-hilt was ready to his hand and the blade could be whipped out instantly. He said slowly in his most offensive manner: "Ah, is it so? I thought that you would have grown tired by now of

waiting for your better's leavings." I heard de Montesquieu push back his chair and d'Armeville utter an exclamation. The officers at the other tables looked up in astonishment, for his voice carried to the end of the room. A pulse throbbed suffocatingly in my throat; but I turned a little more towards my enemy and said with apparent indifference:

"I fail to understand you. Would you be good enough to explain?"

The Swiss burst into a loud laugh and glanced at his grinning companions. Then he leaned towards me and in a clear voice uttered a brutally coarse remark about Princess Helene. I sprang to my feet. My blood was a-fire, but my brain was cool. Hanselmann rose as promptly; and I noticed that his right hand went swiftly to his sword-hilt. I saw through his intention. He thought that I should throw my glass of wine in his face or strike him lightly; so that he could have an excuse to draw his sword, call on me to defend myself and then, before I could place myself on guard, run me through.

I struck him, indeed. But not as he expected me to do. I hit from the shoulder, throwing all my weight and fury into the blow, which caught him on the point of the chin. He was dashed violently back against the table and then fell to the floor half-stunned.

### CHAPTER VII.

#### The Duel

There was a moment's amazed silence in the room. Then the place was in an uproar. Hanselmann's companions sprang up and rushed round the table at me. But my friends threw themselves in between us. My host had got up and stood hesitatingly in his place. The other officers present rose from their seats and crowded towards our end of the room. Hanselmann lay motionless on the floor.

I sat down again quietly, pulled my chair up to the table and filled my glass. The unlooked-for coarseness of my behaviour calmed the situation.

Then de Montesquieu said in a loud voice to the two Swiss confronting him: "Messieurs, you can take your friend away. He will not need you to-night to testify to the fairness of the sword-thrust that he intended for M. de Brest. You see, things have not happened as they did when young de Brisson was killed or when de Morney was slain in the cafe in Paris."

Then he turned to my host who stood shame-faced and irresolute.

"M. de Pontlieu, your work, too, is finished. You played your Judas part well when you decoyed your guest here to-night. You have earned the praise of your employer and the money that he will give you to pay your gambling debts as the price of your treachery."

Hanselmann's friends fell back abashed. One of them stooped over him. He had begun to revive. Then de Montesquieu addressed the company at large.

"Messieurs, this affair," he said, "happening as it has in the Chateau, must be referred to His Majesty for judgment." He laid his hand on my shoulder and continued:

"Thank your host for his hospitality to-night, de Brest. Then come away with us."

De Pontlieu never raised his eyes. As I passed out between my friends, Hanselmann was being helped up from the ground and supported into a chair. We made our way to de Montesquieu's apartments. As soon as we had arrived, we threw ourselves into chairs, and the Equerry said:

"The battle has begun. De Brest, you owe your life to Madame de Polastron. The Butcher had planned to try his old game on you. Did you see how his hand went to his hilt as you sprang up, and before you struck him?"

"Yes," I replied. "I saw that."

"Mortbleu! what a blow!" cried d'Armeville admiringly. "Look, your knuckles are bleeding from it. I suppose you learned how to hit like that from the English?"

"It saved your life, it and the Comtesse's warning," said the Equerry. "I would not have thought of putting you on your guard against Hanselmann's treacherous trick, had it not been for her blit."

"The trap was skillfully planned," said d'Armeville. "De Pontlieu to decoy you into it and the other two Swiss ready to swear probably that you drew first or, at least, that you had plenty of time to rest on guard before the Butcher thrust at you. The blow that you were to be tricked into giving him would have excused the crime of duelling under His Majesty's roof, especially when his master and the Queen would plead for him. But that cur de Pontlieu disgusts me. Pah! That the Gardes du Corps should be disgraced by his presence!"

"Now we must think out what has to be done," said de Montesquieu. "I shall inform Monsieur to-morrow

morning, as you are on his Staff. Then the King must be told. Of course, the duel has to be fought somehow, even if His Majesty disapproves. But the Comte d'Artois will see to that. He will point out that Hanselmann will be dishonoured on every side if he is not allowed to wash out the stain of your blow in blood. Between him and the Queen they will get the royal permission. Now for the duel itself; you will allow d'Armeville and me to act for you, I hope?"

"I shall be honoured if you will," I replied. "But let us leave the affair for the present. I want nothing settled about the conditions, time, place and weapons, until the King has given his decision. But I wish to tell you both how deeply grateful I am to you for your aid, for the loyal way you stood by me to-night."

They would not suffer me to continue. De Montesquieu insisted that before we parted we must drink to my success in the coming fight and rang for a lackey to bring wine. Late though I retired that night I was up betimes next morning to keep an engagement to ride with Princess Helene and Mademoiselle d'Armeville. As we entered through the park and out through the Dragon Gate on to the road to Chantilly, I left care behind and forgot jealous princes and Swiss cut-throats. The two girls, of course, knew nothing of the night's happenings. When we reined in our horses to a walk the Princess chattered gaily in Italian; for she was teaching it to her friend and insisted on our talking in it. I had made good progress in the language; for, truth to tell, I had known more of it than I had acknowledged to her at first.

When we returned to Versailles I came back to the full realisation of my troubles. De Montesquieu was waiting me in my apartments to tell me that he had informed the Comte de Provence of the quarrel. Monsieur had gone forthwith to the King, only to find that His Majesty had already been made fully acquainted with the incident by the Comte d'Artois, but in such a fashion as to throw all the blame on to me. I was pictured as the unprovoked aggressor, Hanselmann as an unjustly-attacked and inoffensive individual. Fortunately King Louis had some previous knowledge of my opponent's past, and my geographical attainments had served to prejudice His Majesty somewhat in my favour. So he had readily accepted his older brother's version of the affair. The Comte d'Artois had pressed for his permission for a duel to be fought; but he reserved his decision.

While de Montesquieu was speaking d'Armeville came in and told me that the news of the quarrel had already spread over the Chateau. In his regiment, and indeed amongst most of the officers of the various Guard corps, the feeling against Hanselmann was very pronounced. De Pontlieu was so universally condemned that it was probable that he would be forced to leave the Body Guard. In the Chateau, except among the Comte d'Artois's party, it was generally felt that His Majesty could with justice forbid the duel and banish my adversary from Versailles. But d'Armeville had been surprised to find how many ladies had pronounced in favour of Hanselmann. The Swiss adventurer's good looks had made him a favourite of those among them who set no high value on honour or morality. He was notorious for his gallantries; and many women of rank had not been averse to accepting the pastry-cook's son as a lover.

During d'Armeville's narration Blake entered the room to announce that two officers of the Comte d'Artois's Guard demanded an interview with me. We knew that these must be Hanselmann's seconds come as bearers of his challenge. De Montesquieu asked me hurriedly what conditions of time, place and weapons I wished to lay down.

"Will you tell them, please," I said, "that I shall not state my conditions until we know the King's decision?"

(To be continued)

### Old Omen Forecasts

#### Trouble In Europe

Reddening of Water in Geneva Lake Foretells Bloodshed Says Old Legend

The "blood of the Burgundians" has appeared again on the water of Lake Marat, near Neuchatel, portending more trouble for old Europe, if ancient legend is to be believed.

The reddening of the water of this lake is caused by the flowering of an aquatic plant which, however, blooms very rarely. The phenomenon was seen in 1746, when 36,000 Burgundians under Charles the Bold were defeated near the lake by the Swiss. The last time the waters were red was in 1914, just before the outbreak of the world war, a circumstance said to justify the old saying: "When blood is seen on Lake Marat there will be bloodshed in Europe."

### Hermit Lives On Small Island

Sheep and Goats Only Company of Lonely White Man

With only goats and sheep as company, a lonely white man was found on a small island to the north of Australia by the destroyer Anzac, which has just returned to Sydney from a northern cruise.

The hermit told the men on the Anzac that he had taken up the abode on the island some considerable time ago. He had no particular reason for leaving civilization.

His only companions when he went to the island were a couple of sheep and two goats. Today, he says, his flock consists of over 700 sheep and nearly twice that number of goats. He has built a comfortable home and has an extensive garden.

### How the Language Is Taught In China

Missionary Says Difficulties Not As Great As Generally Supposed

A young woman missionary who has studied Chinese, becoming able in a year to talk and to understand quite a little of the language, declares that the difficulties are not nearly as great as has been supposed, that people of ordinary intelligence can learn it without undue effort and that it is really "lots of fun."

"The memory of my first day in school is still fresh in my mind," says Violet Hughes, Chinese missionary of the Episcopal Church of the United States, "though I have now completed my year there. New missionaries in the district of Hankow usually are sent to the Peking Language School, and I arrived in Peking the night before the school opened, very proud of having accomplished the thirty-six-hour journey from Hankow alone. I was taken in the morning to the school by Deaconess Clark, feeling exactly as I must have as a little girl by my mother."

"We entered a large room and sat down with about sixty others, all wondering, I suppose, as I was, what was going to happen and how they would go about teaching us the language of which we had heard such dreadful tales. Whatever ideas we may have had about school work were rudely shattered by the announcement that notebooks were positively forbidden; that we must remember what we could and let the rest go. Then the first lesson began."

"A Chinese teacher mounted the platform and pointed in turn to himself, to us and to another teacher, slowly declaiming: wo, ni, ta. He did this frequently until nearly all of us had grasped that the three words meant respectively: I, you, he. A few, however, we learned later, had gathered that wo meant nose, because of the Chinese custom of indicating the first person by pointing to the nose rather than to the chest. The names of a few simple objects such as book, paper, pencil, then were introduced objectively, and before we knew it the period had come to an end."

"Quite early in the term we commenced committing to memory, sentence by sentence, a thrilling story of an old woman in Shensi whose only son was eaten by a tiger, and who, according to the district magistrate, was awarded the tiger as a means of support. The story made in thirty-eight instalments extended over several months, so that we were kept in that sort of eager anticipation with which one reads a serial story in a magazine. Just about that time we commenced telling stories in class and we were surprised to find that we could tell nearly any story with very little use of the dictionary."

"So, gradually, we acquired a vocabulary and we used what we learned from the very first. Little mistakes like gravely declaiming in the market the phrase for 'one pencil,' when we meant to ask, 'how much money?' or telling the laundryman to be careful in washing a new dress because it had not been baptized, did not daunt us and we went about the city practising Chinese on every one we met."

### Japan Becoming Industrialized

Wants to Exchange Manufactured Products For Food

Inability to produce sufficient food within her own borders to feed a population of 60,000,000 or more is compelling Japan to change from an agricultural to an industrial nation. Masamio Hanhara, Ambassador to the United States from Japan, told a large group of Philadelphia business men and bankers during an address at the Bellevue-Stratford Hotel. Ambassador Hanhara was the guest of Philadelphia Chamber of Commerce and spoke on the commercial relations of his country with the United States. Japan is industrializing, he said, with the view of exchanging her manufactured products for food.

"This change, of course, involves the supply of raw material for her industries, and the assurance of markets for the sale of her products," Ambassador Hanhara pointed out. Here the importance of America to Japan becomes apparent.

"The greatest single item today in Japan's export is raw silk, and in 1920 America bought 99 per cent. of the total exports of that product, amounting to over \$170,000,000," the ambassador continued. "At the same time it is interesting to note that the Japanese supply of raw material to this great American industry constitutes more than three-fourths of the whole."

Scientists say there need be no fear of the sun "dying" too quickly and of the earth getting cold. The sun's feet will last, they say, for another billion years or so.

Michigan, with 125,000 acres of land devoted to beet growing, now leads all the states in sugar beet production.

## Fill your pipe with

# Ogden's

## CUT PLUG

"It Satisfies"

15¢ per packet

80¢ a 1/2 lb tin



If you roll your own ask for OGDEN'S FINE CUT (green label)

### Grows 2,000 Kinds of Apples

Experimental Station at Ottawa Makes New Record

More than 2,000 new varieties of apples have been produced at Central Canada Experimental Farm, Ottawa, according to W. T. Macoun, Dominion horticulturist.

Among the new apples named are the Melba and the Lobo, the latter after the wolf in Thompson Seton's story.

It takes 40 years to perfect a species, Macoun says. Most of the men engaged in work on the farm have been on the staff for more than 30 years.

The claim is made for Savannah, Ga., that it is the largest distributing point on the Atlantic coast for fish and oysters.

### Arsenic In Vegetables

Also Found in Nuts and Several Kinds Of Fruit

It has long been known that traces of arsenic are to be found not only in human and animal organisms, but in certain plants such as the cabbage, and turnip, and potato and in wheat. Jadin and Astruc, members of the French Academy of Science, found also that arsenic is to be encountered in rice, peas, beans, lettuce, celery, asparagus, parsnips, and in most vegetables used as food by man, as well as in apples, pears, pineapples, oranges and nuts. Since plants undoubtedly get the elements from the soil, arsenic must occur far more widely in nature than was at one time supposed.

Florence Nightingale was born in Derbyshire, England, in the year 1820.

### Sahara Railway May Be Built

Bill is to be Submitted to French Parliament

A railroad across the Sahara from the Mediterranean coast into Central Africa, which has often been reported under consideration by France, Italy and Great Britain, is apparently to be built at last. The Paris bureau of the New York Herald says that an agreement for the construction of such a railway has been reached between the Colonial Ministry and the Paris, Lyons and Mediterranean Railway. France's most important north and south route, and that a bill approving the concession will be submitted to the French Parliament. The French have long believed a Saharan railroad the only practical way of developing the resources of their rich East African possessions and of bringing their inhabitants in touch with France.

### Confirms Expectations

A—How do you like your new laundry?  
B—Very well, indeed. I sent a dozen collars last week, and every one of the buttonholes came back.

A scrub woman standing on a wet floor was recently killed when she touched an ordinary electric light bulb.

## BEFORE MY BABY CAME

I Was Greatly Benefited by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Sydenham, Ont.—"I took your medicine before my baby was born, and it was a great help to me as I was very poorly until I had started to take it. I just felt as though I was tired out all the time and would have weak, faint spells. My nerves would bother me until I could get little rest, night or day. I was told by a friend to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I only took a few bottles and it helped me wonderfully. I would recommend it to any woman. I am doing what I can to recommend this good medicine. I will lend that little book you sent me to any one I can help. You can with the greatest of pleasure use my name in regard to the Vegetable Compound if it will help others take it."—Mrs. HARVEY MILLIGAN, Sydenham, Ont.

It is remarkable how many cases have been reported similar to this one. Many women are poorly at such times and get into a weakened, run-down condition, when it is essential to the mother, as well as the child, that her strength be kept up.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is an excellent tonic for the mother at this time. It is prepared from medicinal roots and herbs, and does not contain any harmful drugs. It may be taken in safety by the nursing mother.

W. N. U. 1509

## "I Can Now Do My Work Without Feeling Tired"

Mrs. A. Moffatt, Roxton Falls, Que., writes:



"I suffered from a run-down system and nervous debility. I could not sleep or rest at night, and felt so weak I could not walk any distance. I took several tonics, but they only helped me while I was taking them. Mother advised me to take Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, and I felt great benefit from the first box, and continued taking several boxes. Today I feel like a new woman, and am able to do my work without that dreadful tired feeling."

**DR. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD**

50 Cents a box, all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto

### INFLUENZA

Don't wait till you get the 'flu. Inhale Minard's night and morning.—The great preventive.



### "I CAN'T"

No girl or boy ever says this about words, "I can't!" just saw those leaves together so you will never see them!

For you can—if you will, and if you want to! And if you can't, it is only because you won't!

I do not know who wrote these verses and will apologize for using them, but would like to pass them on to girls and boys:

It Can Be Done  
"Somebody said that it couldn't be done!"

But he, with a chuckle, replied: "That maybe it couldn't, but he would be one."

Who wouldn't say so till he'd tried. So he buckled right in, with the trace of a grin.

On his face; if he worried, he hid it. He started to sing as he tackled the thing.

That couldn't be done—and he did it.

"Somebody scoffed: 'Oh, you'll never do that!'"

At least, no one has ever done it! But he took off his coat, and he took off his hat.

And the first thing we knew he'd begun it. With a lift of his chin and a bit of a grin.

Without any doubting or quiddit. He started to sing as he tackled the thing.

That couldn't be done—and he did it.

"There are thousands to tell you that it cannot be done!"

There are thousands to prophesy failure! There are thousands to point out to you, one by one,

The dangers that wait to assalt you. But just buckle in with a bit of a grin. Then take off your coat and go to it. Just start in to sing, as you tackle the thing.

That "cannot be done"—and you'll do it."



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Undertaking  
And EmbalmingArtificial wreaths always on  
hand. Weather extremes  
will not effect these flowers  
in any way.

GLEICHEN, ALTA.

OFFICE HOURS

9 a.m. to 12:30 p.m. and  
2:30 p.m. to 5:30 p.m. DailyCouncil meeting Fourth Friday of  
each month at 8 p.m.This office will be closed as follows:  
Sundays, Statutory Holidays and the  
last fortnight of July each year.Also  
First two legal working days of each  
month for meter reading and first two  
legal working days following the  
fifteenth of month for collections, etc.PETER MACLEAN,  
Secretary Treasurer,

HARDWICK BROS

Range, Snake Valley

Owners of all cattle branded:

I left ribs and hip I left ribs right rib  
Horses branded:

D I right hip

NOTICE

The owners of any cattle or horses  
found trespassing upon the grounds  
of the above society will be prosecuted  
under the provisions of Section  
39 sub section (d) of the Domestic  
Animals Act.Dated at Gleichen this ninth day  
of May, 1923.

Signed by the Grounds Committee.

J. M. WRIGHT

W. F. FERGUSON.

WM. FENDER.

## THE GLEICHEN CALL

W. PARK EVANS, PROPRIETOR

Member of the Canadian Weekly Newspapers Association  
Member of the Alberta Press AssociationPublished every Wednesday in the Heart of a Wonderfully Rich Farming  
and Ranching District.SUBSCRIPTION, \$2.00 per Year; Foreign Countries \$2.50  
Advertising Rates—Display, 50c. per Column inch first insertion; and 35c.  
for each subsequent insertion. Reading matter accepted only with  
display advertising at 15 cents per line—12 lines to the inch.

EXCHANGE MUST BE ADDED TO ALL CHEQUES

GLEICHEN, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY

Truly Gleichen has been tried by fire and the Call believes will not be found wanting. Gleichen will grow up again greater, grander and better in every way than ever.

Gleichen folks, like all others, have their faults, but of them it cannot be said they are "quitters". Each and everyone who lost last Friday are today anxious to re-build at once—that is the spirit that will make any town a worth-while place.

Now for a long strong pull altogether to re-build a greater and better Gleichen. Talk may be all right in its place, but work counts for more, with plenty of real team work.

To express sympathy with a man who has sustained loss by fire is very much like a "card of thanks" after a funeral—quite unnecessary. Your sympathy can best be shown by giving him all the business you can.

Yes, Christmas is drawing very near. Then let us with one hand tenderly cling to the old year while we stretch forth the other to greet the new. To some it has been a year of prosperity, to others, one of adversity and sorrow. As we look back over past events we cannot fail to note the absence of many that were with us a year ago but now they are gone, been called home to return no more. This time last year they were planning a surprise for someone near and dear to them in the way of a Christmas present that would cause them to be remembered as the years roll on bringing the joyous Christmas time.

Probably even middle-aged people of the day think the Christmas tree has been common in this country for many years; but in reality it is hardly fifty years since we adopted this feature of the day. Half a century ago it was only foreigners that made use of it, children of Canada knowing it only as a pleasant myth. And England in the second quarter of last century considered the tree still a German institution, as not yet fully belonging to her; today the English-speaking nations vie with the Germans in love for the tree.

Loading approximately 37,000,000 bushels of grain over their western lines during November, 1923, the Canadian National Railways have in the month just past, exceeded all former November grain movement records, according to officials of the system at Winnipeg. The total grain loaded over the system from September 1 to Nov. 29, 1923 was 103,891,000 bushels and to this is added approximately 1,500,000 bushels loaded on November 30. Loadings for November of last year amounted to 28,600,000 while the comparison of October loadings shows 40,274,000 for October 1923 as against 33,401,000 during the same month last year, which was the heaviest month of last season. Saskatchewan contributed the major portion of the November loadings, with 20,074,000 bushels. That the Canadian National loadings are more than catching up on the total marketings daily is shown by the fact that Saskatchewan marketings during November this year totalled 19,813,000 bushels.

As a result of the campaign which has been conducted by the poultry section of the Dominion Live Stock Branch in the proper method of killing and preparing poultry for market, many carloads of turkeys are now being loaded on the prairies for the holiday trade in Eastern Canada. Among the points on the Canadian National Railways making good sized shipments within the next few days are Carman and Roland, where the farmers have met with great success in turkey raising this fall.

Why give your order for Counter Check Books to an outside man when you can get the same goods at home for the same money, with a better service.

## COAL! COAL! COAL

GOOD HOPE MINE, STANDARD,

We wish to advise our customers both past and present that we have plenty of coal on hand at all times. Our coal is Dry, free from slack and other impurities and properly prepared.

Single Screened Lump..... \$5.50 per ton

Double Screened Lump..... \$6.50 per ton

Stove Coal..... \$4.50 per ton

CARLOAD LOTS TO ANY POINT

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

GOOD HOPE MINE

W. R. WALSH, Manager

STANDARD, ..... ALBERTA

## Fire Destroys

(Continued from page 1)

The office of Brown's Transfer was badly scorched by the heat but a little paint will make it look alright again.

Fire Chief Menard gave the best that was in him and did exceptionally well.

All day Sunday people came from far and near to look at the smouldering ruins.

J. O'Keeffe lost all his law books and most of his clothing in the fire.

A call for assistance was sent to the Calgary fire brigade by Mayor Hyndman, but unfortunately the city brigade did not arrive until the fire was well under control, which was no fault of that brigade, but evidently a misunderstanding. As there has been much discussion on the subject The Call here gives "Cappy" Smart's statement, that evening:

"Cappy" Smart's Statement

"At 11:15 this morning the Mayor of Gleichen called me up on long distance and asked if we could assist in the fire. I asked how the water supply was and the mayor said the water would probably last half an hour. I told him to conserve it and we would bring chemicals, and said if he would take up the matter of transportation with the C.P.R. from the Gleichen end I would take it up at the Calgary end. I at once ordered my men to prepare for a run to Gleichen with chemicals only. Next I phoned Superintendent Fox, who five minutes later phoned me that a car was 'spotted'. In fifteen minutes we had six men on the railway car ready to start for Gleichen. It was then 16 minutes to 12 o'clock and I remarked to the engineer we should make it in sixty minutes. He replied 'We will make it in fifty minutes.' Then we were told to wait as the mayor was holding a meeting in Gleichen. After 15 minutes passed I asked to be allowed to go one mile. Then we were held up again. My request was that we go on to Ogden station was also granted where we were blocked for about twenty-five minutes. Then we got started but stopped at point after point—delays amounting to fully one hour and half. Whose fault it was is not for me to say. But we here an hour hopr earlier, I believe we fault we were not here in time to do some good."

Asked if he thought they could have accomplished much good had they not been delayed he said:

"From what I learn had we been here an hour earlier, I believe could have done considerable with our chemicals and very little water, we could have kept going a long time. And all I have to say is that during my twenty-three years in Calgary a fire has never got out of the building it started in. I am not criticising your brigade as they accomplished a lot of good work and deserve all credit. Yet there is a great difference between a volunteer brigade and a trained brigade. Our men are fighting fire every night and can stand fire and heat in a manner that could not be expected of others and our method of fighting fire is different."

Although the engine that brought them down had to go to Bassano to turn it was promised it would leave Gleichen at 5:30, but it was 10:10 when it pulled out, and then with a full freight train, which was hardly fair to our invited visitors.

"I would like to state that the Calgary Fire Brigade never accepted any money for leaving the city to help any other towns and we do not expect any payment. I say this because I have heard in Gleichen that we did make a charge, and I wish to deny any such statement." Concluded Chief Smart "Before leaving Calgary I telephoned Mayor Webster, Gleichen was in trouble and all he replied was: 'Cappy use your own judgment.'"

Mayor Hyndman's Statement

Mayor Hyndman states about 10:30 he was going up Crowfoot Street near the telephone office when he saw smoke ad at once ran to the Town Hall. Aided by Secretary Maclean they began to take out the reels when the fire whistle started. An auto helped haul the reels and no time was lost in connecting up the hydrants at Jun Kees' and Stabback and Brown's. Seeing the fire was serious at 10:50 he phoned to Chief Smart in Calgary, who asked about the water and said he would come down with chemicals and asked him to order a train from Gleichen, which he did. At 11:15 he received word a special could be obtained and after talking with Ald. McKay ordered the train stating that all costs would be paid. A 11:45 he had

word the train was ready to depart, but it was 12:44 before it left Calgary and the reason for the delay he does not know.

A salesman sold a bill of goods to a merchant in small town in the west. They were returned as not satisfactory. The wholesale house undertook to collect anyway, and drew a sight draft on the bank at the customer's town. The bank returned the draft unpaid. Then the house wrote to the village postmaster and asked if the merchant was good for the amount of the bill. The letter was the postmaster was asked to put the returned O. K'd at the bottom. Next call in the hands of a local lawyer for collection. The answer received by the wholesaler ran as follows: "The undersigned is a merchant on whom you tried to palm off your junk. The undersigned is also president of the bank that returned your draft. The undersigned is the postmaster to whom you wrote and also the lawyer whom you tried to get to collect your bill. If the undersigned were not also pastor of the local church the undersigned would tell you to go straight to the devil."

A doctor who was convicted of driving his car while intoxicated said he performed an operation just before being arrested. Let's hear from the patient.

When a woman loses her husband it sometimes happens that the loss is fully covered by insurance.

From England comes the startling announcement that the Prince has become so Canadianized that he shocks the folks at home with the expression "sure". Wonder if that is all the Prince learned on his ranch in the way of language? If so, his Western education has been sadly neglected by our cowboys.

It is a poor business that something good cannot be said of it once a week.



## FORD CARS and TRUCKS

At present prices offer greater value than ever in the past.

Years of practical use have demonstrated their reliability and economy of operation.

If considering buying new or used car or truck or trading in your old car on new model.

See W. R. McKIE,

at Universal Motor Cars, Ltd.,

Corner 9th Ave. and 2nd St. West, Calgary

REASONABLE FARES FOR SEASONABLE TRIPS

EASTERN CANADA

On Sale Daily To

January 5, 1924

Return Limit Three Months

A Real Travel Inducement

The PACIFIC COAST

Vancouver, Victoria

New Westminster

ON SALE

December 1  
January 3, 8, 10, 15, 17, 22, 24,  
February 5 and

Return Limit As

## CENTRAL UNITED STATES

— ON SALE DAILY TO JANUARY 5, 1924 —

Return Limit Three Months

Any Agent will Gladly Give Full Information. Plan Your Trip and Arrange Details

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC



Have you seen  
the new  
1924

McLaughlin-Buick ?

AGENTS

BATES GARAGE

GLEICHEN

ALBERTA

## SHOES! SHOES!

BOYS LEATHER RUNNING SHOES

The Kind that Last All Summer

## Everything for Golfers

GOLF CLUBS

GOLF BALLS

GOLF BAGS

GOLF CLUBS  
GOLF CLUBS REPAIRED

T. H. BEACH

HARNESS AND SHOE STORE

GLEICHEN, — — — — — ALBERTA





## Mothers Prefer Cuticura Shampoos For Children

Regular shampoos with Cuticura Soap and hot water, preceded by touches of Cuticura Ointment to spots of dandruff and itching, keep the scalp clean and healthy. Proper care of the hair during childhood is the basis for healthy hair through life.

Soap 25c, Ointment 25c and 50c. Talcum 25c. Sold throughout the Dominion, Canadian Depot: Lums, Limited, 244 St. Paul St., W., Montreal.

Cuticura Soap shaves without lather.

## WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Professor Shun Oshun, political editor of the Yozu Choin, of Tokio, died recently in Paris.

It is estimated that the German republic can feed three-fourths of its population without importing food.

The Hon. Lady Herbert, widow of Sir Michael Herbert, once British Ambassador to the United States, died Nov. 19, at her residence in London.

A strike of workers in the cold storage plants at Melbourne, Australia, is seriously affecting the exportation of meat. Exporters have ceased buying until the trouble is settled.

John M. Cassels, of the University of Alberta, has been selected as Alberta's Rhodes scholar for 1924. He is a native of Stirling, Scotland, but spent most of his life in Alberta.

The Welshmen of the state of Victoria have invited Mr. Lloyd George to visit Melbourne and participate in the St. David's Day celebration in March next.

Haifa, with its natural harbor facilities, is fast favored as the site for the port of Palestine, in a report submitted by the engineer assigned by the British Government, to study the relative advantages of Haifa and Jaffa.

A concession of 27,000 acres of land in Southern Ukraine has been granted by the Soviet Government to Harold M. Ware, United States agriculturist, according to a cable received at New York.

The Prince of Wales is to visit South Africa next year, the colonial office has announced. Arrangements for the trip were made with Gen. Smuts, premier of the Union of South Africa.

A painting by Raphael, "Moses and the People," was among a number of valuable articles destroyed by fire, which practically burnt out Sir Robert Thomas' mansion, Garregwyd, Wales. The painting was valued at around \$20,000.

## End Stomach Misery, Gas Or Indigestion

"Pape's Diaparsin" is the quickest, surest relief for indigestion, gas, flatulence, heartburn, sourness, or stomach distress caused by acidity. A few tablets give almost immediate stomach relief. Correct your stomach and digestion now for a few cents. Druggists sell millions of packages of Pape's Diaparsin.

### Will Attempt Long Flight

A 16,000 miles flight from Amsterdam to the Dutch East Indies via Prague, Constantinople, Aleppo, Karachi, Calcutta and Siam, will be attempted in April by A. N. J. Vander Hoop, a Dutchman engaged in the Amsterdam-London passenger service.

### Great Men's Limitations

Also have some great men who could settle everything between the French and the Germans, but who can't make their own children take castor oil.—Dallas News.

## Constipation and Sluggish Liver

Don't take chances. Get Carter's Little Liver Pills right now. They never fail to make the liver do its duty. They relieve constipation, break up indigestion, drive out biliousness, stop dizziness, clear the complexion, put a healthy glow on the cheek and sparkle in the eye. Be sure and get the genuine.

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

W. N. C. 1500

## Think Yukon Is Growing Warmer

Has Had Hottest Summer and Autumn On Record

The possibility that the Arctic climate is getting warmer is being discussed at Dawson, Y.T. The Yukon has just experienced the hottest summer and autumn on record. The daily mean temperature has been the highest in 25 years. It was about 60 degrees Fahrenheit averaging in June, July and August, while the temperature went to 91 degrees on several occasions.

The most uniform and gradual change was recorded this fall and the Yukon River remained open for a total of six months.

November 16 was the anniversary of the latest closing of navigation previously recorded. The river was still open from Dawson to White Horse and north for many miles, although ice was running in the big rivers as far south as Selkirk.

Several men left Nov. 16 to tramp the winter trail and get their Christmas dinners in Vancouver.

## Unit to Live—Must Die

This verdict is rendered a thousand times every week—no corn can live, it must pass out, drop off, if Putnam's Extractor is applied to corns and warts. Use the old reliable "Putnam's." It never fails, 25c at all dealers.

## Genius As a Public Asset

It is estimated that the various inventions put forth by Thomas A. Edison are now furnishing employment to nearly 1,000,000 men and women in America alone. In the main the work is clean, wholesome and well paid. It betters the mind and stimulates ambition. The importance of a genius like Edison to his country is not to be calculated in earthly terms.—Los Angeles Times.

## STOMACH TROUBLE DUE TO THIN BLOOD

It Usually Disappears When the Blood Is Made Rich and Red

This blood is one of the most common causes of stomach trouble. It affects the digestion very quickly. The glands that furnish the digestive fluids are diminished in their activity, the stomach muscles are weakened and there is a loss of nerve force. In this state of health nothing will more quickly restore the appetite, digestion and normal nutrition than good, rich, red blood.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills act directly on the blood, making it rich and red, and this enriched blood strengthens weak nerves, stimulates tired muscles and awakens to normal activity the glands that supply the digestive fluids. This is shown by an improved appetite, and soon the effect of these blood enriching pills is evident throughout the whole system. You find that what you eat does not distress you, and that you are vigorous instead of irritable and listless. If your appetite is feeble, if you have any of the distressing pains and symptoms of indigestion, you should at once take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and profit by the better condition in which they will put your blood.

Those pills are sold by all dealers in medicine, or you can get them by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## English Avoid Cheap Shoes

Willing to Pay More For Well Fitting Footwear

London stores will no longer exhibit cheap, shoddy and ill-fitting shoes; in their stead will be found the latest perfectly modelled lasts of Paris.

The shoe manufacturers of England are generally agreed that the public avoid the shops that sell ill-fitting, shoddy footwear and would rather pay more money for shoes that wear well without causing physical disabilities. The result of the action of many manufacturers in putting cheap shoes on the market to meet the reduced spending power of the public, is that there are huge stocks of these shoes on hand which it is impossible to sell.

Simple and Sure.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is so simple in application that a child can understand the instructions. Used as a liniment the only direction is to rub, and when used as a dressing to apply. The directions are so plain and unobscured that they are readily understood by young or old.

## Monster Dock at Tilbury

Will Take in Largest Ship Likely to Be Built

When the new monster dock at Tilbury is finished, London will have the biggest dock in the world. It will take in the largest ship that has ever been built or is likely to be built.

A feature will be the new passenger landing stage 2,000 feet long, and this it is hoped will help to make London an ocean port. A railway station will be built close by, and express trains will take ocean passengers into the middle of London in about forty minutes.

Follow the dictates of your conscience and you'll never land in jail.

Minard's Liniment for Dandruff

## Women Can Dye Any Garment, Drapery

Dye or Tint Worn, Faded Things New for 15 Cents

## Diamond Dyes

Don't wonder whether you can dye or tint successfully, because perfect home dyeing is guaranteed with "Diamond Dyes" even if you have never dyed before. Druggists have all colors. Directions in each package.

## Paper Industry In Alaska

Timber, Waterpower and Transportation Conditions Make Development Easy

Development of an important pulp and paper industry in Southeastern Alaska is inevitable because of the waterpower, timber and transportation conditions there, in the opinion of Secretary of Agriculture Wallace.

"The rate of development of the pulp and paper industry of the territory," says Mr. Wallace, "will be controlled by the economic factor of distance from present consumption centres, and by the necessity inherent in the industry itself, for large capital investments, rather than by physical disadvantages. The physical conditions in Southeastern Alaska—presence of cheaply developed power, an enormous supply of inexpensive wood, and the available ability of water transportation—are the very factors which make inevitable the expansion of pulp and paper manufacture in the Territory."

No matter how deep-rooted the corn may be, it must yield to Holloway's Corn Remover if used as directed.

## U.S. Intellectual Classification

Dr. Wm. Starr Myers Says Only Twenty Million People in U.S. Are Intellectual

Addressing the Canadian Club at Hamilton, Dr. Wm. Starr Myers, professor of history and politics at Princeton University, said that only 20,000,000 of the 105,000,000 people in the United States could be classified as intellectual. It was on these that the republic will depend for its leadership of judgment.

What of the remaining 85,000,000 of people. From the best psychological, biological and other tests, 45,000,000 of them were sub-normal and had intellects equal to juveniles of 14 years; 15,000,000 of them were feeble-minded, and had the mental equipment of children of eight years of age, while the remaining 25,000,000 could at best only be classed as being mediocre.

Deplorable as these statements were, Dr. Myers said they should be recognized as facts.

Confronting the brains and the intellect of the United States therefore, was not the problem of Americanizing the foreigner, but, rather the prevention of the foreign de-Americanizing the United States.

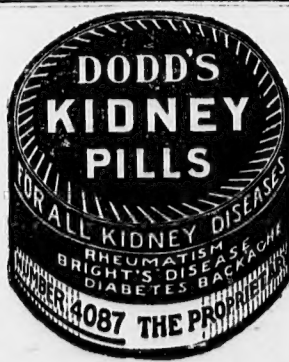
## Mother! Give Sick Child "California Fig Syrup"

Harmless Laxative for a Bilious, Constipated Baby or Child

Constipated, bilious, feverish, or sick, colic Babies and Children love to take genuine "California Fig Syrup." No other laxative regulates the bowels so nicely. The tender little stomach and bowels acting without gripping. Contains no narcotics or soothing drugs. Say "California" to your druggist and avoid counterfeits! Insist upon genuine "California Fig Syrup" which contains directions.

## Increase in London's Population

It has been estimated that the increase of London's population during and since the world war is no less than 600,000. Vast numbers were attracted from the provinces by the lure of plentiful employment and high wages. Now, having acquired the taste for London, they do not return, even though employment is not now plentiful and wages are not what they were.



## Parcels For Britain Can Be Insured

Extension of Service Will be of Great Advantage

Under the heading of "Insure your parcels to Great Britain," the Post Office Weekly Bulletin issued from Ottawa under date of Nov. 17, contains the following information:

"The insurance of parcel post with-in Canada has been in operation for two years and has been working out satisfactorily. During the first year, 3,000,000 parcels were insured and \$40,000 was paid in compensation. The second year of operation has shown an increase in the number of parcels mailed, while the losses have decreased."

"The extension of the system to the United States followed the Postal Conference with that country in December, 1922. The service with the United States is giving every satisfaction."

"Following the policy of giving the public every possible postal facility, negotiations have been conducted with the British Post Office with a view to establishing an insurance of parcel post system between the two countries. These negotiations have resulted in the establishment of the service dating from Nov. 15, 1923. The same regulations apply as to parcels for delivery within Canada, with the exception that the scale of insurance fees will be as follows:

"12c for insurance not exceeding \$50.  
"30c for insurance exceeding \$50, and not exceeding \$100.

"Undoubtedly this latest extension of the service will be of great advantage to persons mailing parcels to Great Britain. They will be afforded an opportunity to protect themselves against loss up to \$100, at a very moderate fee."

"The public should take full advantage of this extension of the post office insurance system and insure all parcels for Great Britain."

## Investigating Old Claims

Disputes Half Century Old Will Be Settled

Events that occurred in the Fiji Islands in 1874—nearly half a century ago—are to be investigated by a commission that is meeting at Cornwall House, London.

When the Fiji Islands were annexed by Great Britain, in 1874, Americans asserted that they were unjustly deprived of land. Their claims for compensation are to be decided by the body that met recently. It is known as the Pecuniary Claims Commission, and it was set up under an agreement between Great Britain and America that was signed in 1910.

The commission met in 1913-14, and heard other claims that dated from about 100 years ago. The war then interrupted its proceedings.

Claims it now has to hear, besides those about Fiji, include the two put forward by Great Britain on behalf of a cable company whose cables were cut by the American navy during the Spanish-American war, and one by America concerning the supply of bridging material for the Orange Free State before the Boer War.

## U.S. Behind In Shipbuilding

Has Dropped to Sixth Place in Last Four Years

The United States has dropped among the shipbuilding nations of the world in the last four years, the Department of Commerce states. Not only Great Britain and Germany, but also Italy, France and the Netherlands are building more tonnage than the United States, according to returns for the quarter ended with September. World construction at the close of that quarter was smaller than at any time since the war and represents a decline of 165,000 gross tons in comparison with the quarter ended with June.

Your Asthma, Too. The efficacy of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy is not something that is merely to be hoped for; it is to be expected. It seldom fails to bring relief, and in your own individual case it will do the same. So universal has been the success of this far-famed remedy that every one afflicted with this disease owes it to himself to try it.

## Unique Contest In France

Finger Talking Competition to be Staged by Deaf Mutes

Deaf mutes from twenty nations will hold their Olympic games in Paris next August. The French organizing committee has received assurance that there will be 400 participants in all branches of sport for prizes totalling more than \$5,000, which include scholarships in deaf and dumb institutions for the leading point winners.

A novelty will be a speed contest in finger-talking. Paris boasts of an entrant who is able to snap off 150 words a minute.

Minard's Liniment for Distemper

## More Knowledge Needed

Many Things About West Which East Should Understand

Hon. Ernest Lapointe, Minister of Marine and Fisheries in the Federal Government, in the course of an address delivered before the Knights of Columbus of Quebec, stated that Canadians generally did not know their own country while referring to a trip that he had recently made to the west.

In the far west he said he felt bound to admit that the climate was far more pleasant than in the east.

It was a pity, he thought, that east and west could not become more as one on matters of a political nature. If they would only get together a good many problems would be solved.

The speaker then referred to sport in the west, and said that sports were more generally popular than in the east. Sport, he considered, was a great factor in determination of the destiny of a race, for sport went hand in hand with more serious matters. In the matter of education the west was well advanced.

One thing particularly the speaker noticed, and that was that every meeting was concluded with the singing of "O Canada." He thought that this bespoke a love of country. It was a love that might as well be developed in the east as in the west.

## Brisk In Lumber Camps

Movement of Men to Lumber Camps in East Is Now On

With the winding up of farming and harvesting operations, a brisk movement of men to the lumber camps is now on. Several hundred millions of feet will be cut in Quebec province alone, and Ontario is also a great timber province. Inquiries at pulp and paper company offices and employment agencies in Montreal indicate that there are openings for men who are qualified to go into the bush and cut wood.

Wages are reported thirty per cent. higher than last year when the maximum on the straight rate basis was \$35 a month with board. The general rate this year is \$45 a month with board and transportation to destination, but it will run as high as \$60 to \$75 a month in special cases.

## ASPIRIN

Say "Bayer" and Insist!



Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer product proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians over twenty-three years for Colds, Headache, Toothache, Lumbago, Earache, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain, Pain. Accept "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" only. Each unbroken package contains proper directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell bottles of 24 and 100. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monocellulose of Salicylic Acid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

## Britisher Not So Slow

Could Tell As Good a Story As the American

For about an hour a man from Denver had been boasting to a Britisher about the magnificence of the Rocky Mountains.

"You seem mighty proud of them," the Britisher observed.

"You bet I am," replied the man from Denver. "And I ought to be, since my ancestors built them."

The other thought this over for a few moments and then asked, "Did you ever hear of the Dead Sea?"

"Yes, indeed," replied the man from Denver. "I know all about the Dead Sea."

"Well, did you happen to know that my great-grandfather killed the thing?"—Pearson's Weekly.

"Did that woman give any reason for attempting suicide?" "Yes, yer honor." "What was it?" "She said she wanted to kill herself."—Chicago Record.



Enclosed find 30c. Please send dolls, samples, etc.

PRINT Name.....  
St. or R. D.....  
Town..... State.....

## WE ALL LOVE THE OLD HOME

This opportunity is made easier to you people in Western Canada to visit Ontario and the Eastern Provinces, owing to the greatly reduced rates being given on the C.P.R. and National Railways, good for a period of three months. Do not forget to bring THE WIFE AND KIDNERS. Give them the treat also of a visit to the Old Home, and at the same time give the folks at the Old Home the pleasure of looking at

THE NATION'S GREATEST ASSET—THE BABIES

While passing through Toronto we would thank you for your patronage at THE WALKER HOUSE "The House of Plenty"

Where the Management pays special attention to the wants of Ladies and Children travelling alone. Any reasonable request of the parent for special food for the children will be complied with in our Dining Rooms without extra charge. We, the Proprietors of TORONTO'S TWO FAMOUS HOTELS love the Kids, as we have Kids of our own.

GEO. WRIGHT PROPRIETORS E. M. CARROLL

## Looking Toward Canada

Europeans Who Cannot Enter U.S. Now Coming to Dominion

Large numbers of farmers, mechanics, servants, laborers and others, now resident in Northern Europe and notably Scandinavia, Finland and the Baltic States, are desirous of emigrating to Canada, according to G. Hilmer Lundbeck, general manager of the Swedish-American Steamship Line. Immigration restrictions in the United States are forcing these people, who find they must seek better living and working conditions, to look to Canada as their future homes, and a heavy movement during the coming year is anticipated. The Swedish-American line has arranged to have their S.S. Stockholm make regular calls at Halifax westbound on and after January 5 and passengers will be carried westward over the Canadian National Railways.

## London Loans Money To German Railways

British Government Not Involved In Business Transaction

A contract has been signed in London for a credit of £25,000,000 to the German state railways to be used in the purchase of coal. Of this amount £750,000 becomes immediately available, the remainder being subject to Germany providing certain guarantees. It is a purely commercial transaction in which the British Government is not involved and has no political significance, it is stated.

The guarantee for the loan is to be assumed by the German Government rather than by private industry, the paper adding that the international capital will probably be invested in the gold note bank which it is proposed to establish.

## Government Helps Roadmaking

It is estimated that the total expenditure during the past year on provincial highways, to which the Federal Governments of Canada contribute, has aggregated nearly fifteen million dollars. With favorable weather conditions and lower prices for labor, there has been considerable activity in roadmaking in the different provinces.

## Will Turn Buffalo Loose

One thousand young buffalo will be taken from the big park at Watnwright, Alberta, and turned loose in the north in the region in which wood buffalo are found. Hon. Charles Stewart, Minister of the Interior, announces. This will remove part of the objection to the slaughter of these animals made necessary by the increasing size of the Watnwright herd.

## Wasting No Time

New Arrival (at summer hotel).—Is this chair engaged?—One of the girls.—No, sir!—New Arrival.—Um—how about yourself?—Boston Transcript.

Bricks laid at the rate of 10,000 a day is the claim put forward on behalf of a new electric machine, which requires the services of three men only.

## Refined Metal

Peg.—Say, Mame, where'd you get the swell gold ring?—Mame.—At Goebel's for two-fifty and it wears like iron.—Life.



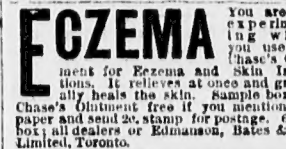
## U.S. Dirigible For Arctic Expedition

Will Give Assistance in Polar Flight If Needed

A United States naval aviator will participate in an attempt next summer to traverse the Arctic regions by airplane, the navy department at Washington has announced. Lieut. Ralph E. Davison will pilot one of the three planes, making up the convoy which will be commanded by Capt. Roald Amundsen, the Norwegian explorer.

The expedition will be transported on ships to Spitzbergen in May, and an adequate base will be established there. When ice conditions permit the fliers will be carried by the ship to a point about 450 miles from the north pole, from which the final "take off" will be made. Airplanes of special design will be used, equipped to permit landings on ice, snow or water. Each will be equipped with radio sets for communication with the depot ship at the permanent base, which, in turn, will have wireless apparatus strong enough to relay the explorers' reports to the world.

If everybody has beautiful hands, who would wash the dishes?



## MONEY ORDERS

Send a Dominion Express Money Order. They are payable everywhere.

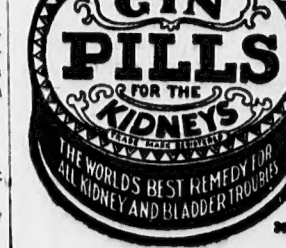
## Universal Portable and Folding Bath Tub

with or without instantaneous water heater attached, permits all bathroom comforts of a millionaire in any room. No plumbing. Equally suitable for country or town home. Satisfaction of London Fair 30 days' trial. Moderate price. Ask about our indoor chemical toilets.

UNIVERSAL METAL PRODUCTS CO. 88 Assumption St., Walkerville, Ontario.

## MALE HELP WANTED

SALESMAN WANTED TO SELL Dorothy Hair Nets. Send 75c for dozen samples. Special quantity prices. Dorothy Hair Net Co., Lindsay Bldg., Montreal.





## Premier Poincare Is Subjected To Criticism On Rhineland Policy

Paris.—General Vicoigne de Castel-nau, former chief of the general staff, severely criticized the policy of the Poincare government in the Rhineland as well as during the recent negotiations with Great Britain in the course of a meeting of the committee on foreign affairs of the Chamber of Deputies, of which he is a member. The committee decided to request the Premier to come before it at the earliest possible opportunity and explain the government's views.

General de Castel-nau expressed the opinion that the government's policy was too mild in the face of the recrudescence of Nationalist and militarist spirit in the Reich. He advocated sterner action, with the Allies, if possible, but alone if necessary.

Abbe Wetterle and M. Froy, both representing the department of Alsace, spoke along the same lines. The attitude of the Paris newspapers toward the notes which the Council of Ambassadors has sent to Germany may be summed up in the old adage: "Half a loaf is better than none." The papers agree that the notes were only feeble productions, but they also point out that the Allies preserved a united front.

London.—The agreement by which France and Great Britain once more present a common front to Germany is heartily welcomed here, and not the least by politicians, who are glad to be freed even if the relief should prove to be only temporary from menacing trouble, while the domestic electoral fight is in progress.

## May Erect Memorial To Bonar Law Here

Monument in Native New Brunswick Village Is Proposed

St. John, N.B.—Premier P. J. Violette had his attention called to the suggestion put forth by Dr. J. C. Webster, of Shediac, N.B., who is a member of the historic sites and monuments board of Canada, that the people of New Brunswick should show their appreciation of Andrew Bonar Law by erecting a granite monument to his memory in his native village of Rexton, Kent county.

The premier thought the idea an excellent one, and said he would support it by word and deed and asked that his subscription be taken.

### Soon Lost Estate

Peoria, Ills.—Three armed bandits held up and robbed two young men of \$10,000 in cash which they had obtained in the afternoon from a Peoria bank as their share of an estate.

## REPORT GIVEN BY U.G.G. SHOWS PROFITABLE YEAR

Winnipeg.—A profit of \$533,000 was earned by the United Grain Growers, Limited, in the year ended August 31 last, it was reported to the annual meeting of delegates from the shareholders held in Winnipeg. It was said that Hon. T. A. Crerar, president of the company, the strongest report ever submitted to the shareholders. Out of the profits there was taken \$225,488.58 for an eight per cent. dividend; there was added to depreciation reserve the sum of \$159,107.69 to make up for depreciation not taken care of the previous year. With the balance of last year included, the sum of \$209,729.63 is carried forward in profit and loss account.

The company's current assets were reported at \$1,407,846.69 as against current liabilities of less than one-third that amount, or \$1,385,172.40. Of the current assets more than a million dollars, or \$1,041,891.81, was in cash on hand or in the bank. Advances on bills of lading and other debts due the company amounted to \$515,129.73, while stocks of grain, farm supplies, etc., are carried at \$538,269.28. The capital assets of the company amount to \$4,153,471.19, chiefly in elevator buildings, warehouses and equipment. The capital liabilities to others than shareholders, consist of mortgages, mortgage bonds and debentures amounting to \$1,674,340.24.

Capital stock subscribed now stands at \$3,220,100, of which \$2,821,305.09 is paid up. The general reserve is \$1,206,834.50, and the depreciation on reserve is over one-third of the whole value of elevators, warehouses, and other tangible assets subject to depreciation.

W. N. U. 1500

## Reach Full Accord On Note to Germany

Paris.—The allied council of ambassadors called to consider the text of the note to be sent to Germany reached a full accord at their meeting. The result was declared by the members leaving the council and by Marshal Foch to be particularly satisfactory.

The ambassadors adopted the text of two notes to Germany, one concerning inter-allied military control in the Reich and the other the return from Holland of former Crown Prince Frederick William. Both notes were delivered to the German embassy as soon as they were signed by Premier Poincare.

## Conservative Party To Organize

Prominent Conservatives to Address Gathering at Saskatoon

Regina.—The Conservative party in Saskatchewan is holding a large provincial convention in Saskatoon on Tuesday, December eleven, with a view to organizing along Federal and Provincial lines. The unit of representation will be ten delegates from each provincial constituency. Prominent Conservatives, in addition to the official delegates, will be present from all parts of Saskatchewan.

The following speakers have been invited to address the convention: The Honorable Arthur Meighen; the Honorable S. F. Tolmie; the Honorable Robert Rogers; the Honorable Howard Ferguson, Premier of Ontario; Major Fawcett Taylor, leader of the Conservative party in Manitoba; and Honorable W. J. Bowser, K.C., leader of the Conservative party in British Columbia.

## Says Eskimos Should Not Be Hanged

Same As Hanging Child Opinion of Labrador Missionary

London, Ont.—"To hang an Eskimo for murder is the same as hanging a little child for murder. The penalties of Canadian law should not be imposed on the far northern inhabitants of Canada. They are ignorant of civilization's basic principles, and when they commit crime they know not what they do."

Dr. W. T. Grenfell, distinguished Labrador missionary, thus expressed himself in connection with the conviction of Eskimos charged with murder at Fort Herschel recently. "Ethically the Eskimo is just like a child of seven years. You would not hang a child of seven years, would you?"

## Minister of Justice Is Not Resigning

Sir Lomer Gouin Denies Report on Reaching New York

New York.—Denial of the report that he contemplated resigning from the Federal cabinet because of ill health, was made by Sir Lomer Gouin, minister of justice, on his arrival here on the White Star liner Majestic. Sir Lomer declared that, while his health had not been of the best for some time during his sojourn in London, where he was in attendance at the imperial conference, it was now much improved and he had not considered the question of resigning from office.

## Champion Mangel Grower

B.C. Man Breaks Record With Seventy Tons to Acre

Victoria, B.C.—Fred Barnes, of Croft Acres, near here, was declared to be the champion mangel grower of all Canada for 1923, according to word from Dr. Harry Dobie, plant growth and fertilizer authority. Dr. Dobie has been investigating mangel growing records from various parts of Canada. Mr. Barnes, with a production this year of 70 tons to the acre, was recently awarded the championship for British Columbia at the provincial fair. Dr. Dobie now proves that this is the record.

## B.C. Rhodes Scholar

Vancouver.—Garrett Stuart Livingstone, 21, son of the late Stuart Livingstone, prominent local barrister, who died recently, has been chosen British Columbia's Rhodes Scholar for 1924. He is a fourth year student in arts at the University of British Columbia.

## Justice Taught By Methods of League

Surest Means to Avert War Says Sir Robert Borden

Boston.—The Washington conference on limitation of armaments itself taught that the modes of the League of Nations are effective, Sir Robert Borden, former Canadian premier, said at the annual dinner of the Canadian Club of Boston.

Speaking on this subject of "Resurgent Peace," Sir Robert concluded: "A fitting sense of international justice, true respect for public right among the nations, the habit of co-operation and of friendly discussion, the practice of arbitration, these may be learned by the methods of the covenant of the League of Nations. In some ways they must be learned before peace will endure. What nation shall fail in its duty to teach that lesson?"

Sir Robert warned his audience that in mankind's newly acquired control of the destructive forces of nature, civilization has prepared the weapons for its own destruction, and declared that the League of Nations is the only effective means of maintaining peace.

## SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

DECEMBER 2.

### THE POWER OF THE EARLY CHURCH

Theme: Power To Help Others. Lesson—Acts 2: 1-8; 1

GOLDEN TEXT.—Whosoever shall call on the name of the Lord shall be saved.—Acts 2: 21.

The Lesson Setting When.—Probably May 28th, A.D. 30. Where.—Jerusalem. Who.—Disciples, strangers in Jerusalem, many converts. What.—Power to help others.

### Questions On The Lesson Text

What great fact in spiritual history do we commemorate on Pentecost? With what demonstration did the Holy Ghost come upon the disciples? What were they doing at the time the Holy Ghost came upon them? What was the first evidence that they had received new power in their lives? Which of the disciples preached a strong and fearless sermon on this day? To whom was this sermon preached? How did it effect them? What did they eagerly ask of the disciples when they had been touched by Peter's accusations? By what sign were they received into the brotherhood of the Christians? What are we told concerning the consistency of their conversion? How many people were converted on that day?

### The Lesson Story

In our last lesson we looked upon Jesus as he met with his disciples on the mount in Galilee where he had appointed to meet with them on the day of his resurrection, and we hear him commissioning them to spread the teachings of Christianity throughout the whole world, and to teach and baptize all nations in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost. At a period somewhat later than the occasion just alluded to, we learn of the apostles' asking Jesus about the temporal kingdom which they expected he would set up. Jesus ignored this question and then said to them that they would receive power with the coming of the Holy Ghost upon them, and that from that time on they should witness for him in Jerusalem, in Judaea, and in Samaria, and to the uttermost parts of the earth. In the passage we study today, we witness the coming of the Holy Ghost upon the disciples of Jesus. Not only upon the eleven, but upon a large company, thought to be not less than one hundred and twenty, who were gathered together in a house where they were worshipping God. We read that suddenly, while they were gathered together, they heard a sound as of a mighty rushing wind and then saw what appeared like tongues of fire resting upon the head of each one of them, and at once they were all filled with the Holy Spirit and they began to speak in languages which they had never used before. This was the particular gift of the Holy Spirit which enabled them to teach and preach among nations which did not understand the Jewish, or Greek tongues. On this day Peter preached a sermon, which so gripped his hearers that no less than three thousand persons were converted to faith in Jesus. Fearlessly he told them of their persecution of Christ and of their wrongdoing and evil living, and they came to him and to the other disciples with petitions for help, that they also might follow Jesus and become new men and women in heart and life. They were all carefully taught and gladly received into the brotherhood, and were baptized, and we read that they all remained loyal to their new faith and joined the apostles in all their services of worship and of prayer from that time onward.

### Thoroughbreds For E.P. Ranch

Winnipeg.—Walter Vincent, of Manchester, passed through here en route to Calgary with seven thoroughbred horses which he is taking to the Prince of Wales' ranch at Pekisko, Alberta.

Mr. Vincent is in charge of the transport of all horses to the ranch from England. He said the present was the best in seven batches he had brought over, and hope was expressed for great results from them in the stud.

## WESTERN EDITORS



Victor W. R. B. Hall, formerly Publisher of The Gazette, Craigmyle, now on the staff of The Review, Drumheller, Alberta.

## Shipping Turkeys East

Lake Saskatoon District Sending Two Carloads of Live Birds

Edmonton.—Real live Christmas turkeys which gobbled strutted and in general comported themselves as turkeys do upon a hundred farmsteads in the Lake Saskatoon district, north of here, are destined to find a last resting place amid floral tributes of cranberries upon the plates of Toronto citizens when December 25 rolls round.

Two carloads of live, gobblers, shipped under the auspices of the egg and poultry marketing services of the Dominion and Provincial Governments, will leave Lake Saskatoon in two weeks time, on their first and last sightseeing trip.

In specially equipped cars, with ample feed and water en route, the turkeys will not only reach the Toronto market alive and well but will probably have gained in weight on the trip.

## Pensions Board Law Is Very Inadequate

Enactment Short of Requirement Say Speakers at Toronto

Toronto.—That the Dominion legislation which created the appeal board to hear applicants on the re-opening of veterans' claims for pensions fell far short of what was required, was the opinion voiced by a number of speakers who addressed the meeting of the patients in Christy Street Military Hospital. The meeting was under the auspices of the recently formed Veterans' Alliance. The speakers included Col. E. T. Hunter, Col. H. S. Cooper and Col. the Hon. W. H. Price, provincial treasurer of Ontario. It was contended that there existed no adequate system whereby veterans could lay their claims before the board.

## Facilities Increased

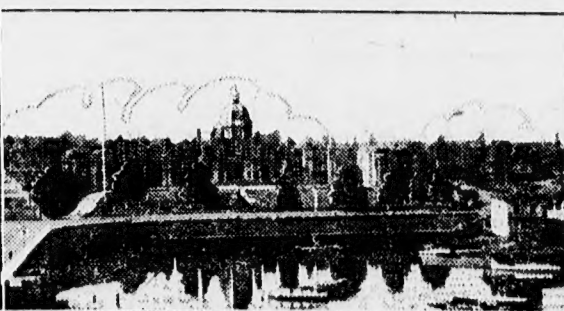
Capacity of Vancouver Grain Elevator 2,000,000 Bushels

Vancouver.—Wheat handling facilities at this port have been increased to the extent of 840,000 bushels additional storage. The new unit at No. 1 elevator, it is announced, will be ready to discharge wheat to ships on December 1. It increases the present capacity of the elevator to approximately 2,000,000 bushels and the efficiency by one-fourth.

### Doukhobor School Burned

Nelson, B.C.—A Doukhobor school at Brilliant was burned, the police have been advised. This is the fifth school to be burned in Doukhobor community near Nelson or Grand Forks, within the year. In several cases the resident teachers have had narrow escapes.

## WINTER RESORTS IN CANADA



MORE and more Canadians who spend their holidays in winter time are coming to realize that Canada offers pleasant surroundings for both winter and summer holidays. Photograph shows Parliament Building at Victoria, B.C., one of Canada's world famous garden cities, where many persons from other parts of the Dominion spend their winter holidays.

## Canada's Wheat Exports Increase

Grows Best Grain for Milling Says British Miller

Minneapolis.—Canada is rapidly succeeding the United States in the wheat and flour export trade because of bumper yields, of high grade, low cost and disadvantages confronting American millers through the 30 cent tariff on import wheat, James S. Craig, one of the leading millers of Great Britain, said when he reached Minneapolis to attend the Golden Jubilee celebration of "the Northwest Miller."

Minneapolis and the United States are being left out of the export trade altogether, Mr. Craig declared. "Canada has the desirable quality of wheat for milling purposes," Mr. Craig said, "and it can be purchased cheaply. The capacity of Canadian flour mills has grown in recent years and they are a factor in the milling industry. There is very little exporting of American flour and wheat being done, proportionately."

## Time Lost Through Industrial Disputes

Much Greater During October This Year Report States

Ottawa.—Time lost due to industrial disputes was greater during October than during September or October, 1922, according to a report made by the Department of Labor. During last month there were in existence fourteen disputes, involving 2,497 employees and a time loss of 55,994 working days, as compared with 37 strikes in September, involving 1,841 employees and causing 35,237 days' time loss.

## System Working Well

Canadian Ports Benefit By Enactment Regarding Duties

Ottawa, Ont.—Figures are in preparation showing the effect of the legislation enacted at the last session allowing for a 10 per cent. reduction in the duties when shipments arrive directly at Canadian ocean ports. Having regard to the conditions, the system is said to be working well with an increase of 30 per cent. in business through these channels compared with the same period last year.

## Cairo Gets First News

Premier Promises Newspapers First Publication of Egyptologists' Work

Cairo, Egypt.—The Egyptian premier promised a deputation of newspapermen to obtain equal treatment for all Egyptian and foreign correspondents regarding the news concerning the work on the tomb of Tutankhamen. He said the communications regarding the doings of Egyptologists in the tomb would not be allowed to be printed elsewhere until they had been published in Cairo.

### Hunter's Unusual Story

Frederickton, N.B.—With its antlers interlocked with those of its opponent, which it had killed in a fight, a big buck deer fell easy prey to hunters, according to an unusual story told by William Evans, who has just returned from a York county hunting trip.

### Nova Scotia Wants Hebrideans

Halifax.—A movement is under way to secure 300 Hebridean emigrants for Nova Scotia under the same conditions under which settlers from the Hebrides were recently brought to Alberta, with satisfactory results, according to announcement of Hon. D. A. Cameron, provincial secretary.

### Tower of London Safe

London.—The Tower of London is safe for another 1,000 years, says an authority, despite rumors that the ancient buildings were badly cracked and were in danger of collapse.

## Employment Situation Reported Much Better This Year Than Last

## Duty Not Affecting Wheat Export to U.S.

Ottawa.—Canada's export of wheat to the United States for the month of October indicates that the existing United States tariff is not keeping the Canadian article out of the American market. In the month mentioned, Canada shipped to the United States 3,119,000 bushels of wheat, while a year ago, the shipments were only 1,716,000 and 1,650,000 in October, 1921.

The exports of October just past were made in the face of a duty of thirty cents a bushel as were those of October a year ago, while in October, 1921, the duty was thirty-five cents a bushel. In October, 1920, when wheat entered the United States free of duty the Canadian exports to that country was \$311,000 bushels.

## Doctor Cook Sentenced

Former Arctic Explorer Given Prison Term For Fraud

Fort Worth, Texas.—Dr. Frederick A. Cook, former Arctic explorer, found guilty of using the mails to defraud in oil promotion schemes, was given a sentence of 14 years and 9 months and fined \$12,000.

A. K. Eckman, the last of the defendants to be sentenced was given seven years in prison and fined \$12,000.

Dr. Cook was sole trustee of the Petroleum Producers' Association. Fred K. Smith, treasurer, was sentenced to seven years in prison and was fined \$12,000. S. E. J. Cox was sentenced to eight years and fined \$8,000.

Judge Millets passed sentence on Dr. Cook after a scathing denunciation of the methods said to have been practiced by the former Arctic explorer. Dr. Cook, who made an international character of himself because of cheer fronting, was conducting a school of crime and operating a cold-blooded, deliberate confidence game, disclosed as the Petroleum Producers' Association, Judge Millets asserted.

## Elevator Will Serve Peace River District

Work on Edmonton Structure Will Start Immediately

Fort William, Ont.—Construction will be begun this winter on a new interior government terminal elevator at Edmonton, stated Chairman Leslie H. Boyd, of the Board of Grain Commissioners. The building will be under the control of the Board of Grain Commissioners and will be of the same capacity as that at Calgary, 2,500,000 bushels. Engineer C. D. Howe has the plans under preparation and the foundation will be laid immediately and the house will be ready for grain next fall. It is being built to serve the Peace River district, which produces large quantities of tough wheat requiring drying, and will also serve as a feeder from the Canadian National lines to Vancouver, as Calgary does for the C.P.R.

## Seek Temperature Of Ocean Depths

Scientists Believe North Pacific Waters Affect Canada's Weather

Vancouver.—In order to obtain temperatures at a depth well below the surface of the North Pacific ocean, thermometers are to be affixed to the bottoms of all Canadian Pacific trans-Pacific liners by the Dominion Meteorological Department. Scientists now believe the temperature has an important bearing on the weather of Canada, and the department is taking steps to learn if this is a fact. J. Patterson, chief meteorological physicist of the department in Toronto, was here to arrange for installation of the instruments.

### Urge U.S. to Join World Court

Washington.—Representatives of Protestant churches of the United States urged President Coolidge to use his influence for United States participation in the world court, and invited Secretary Hughes to take the initiative in calling an economic conference to consider the European problem.

The delegation represented practically every large Protestant body in the country.

Ottawa.—While Montreal, alone among Canada's big cities, showed increasing employment at the beginning of November, the declines reported at Toronto, Winnipeg, Vancouver, Hamilton and Ottawa were slight. As registered by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, employment trend throughout the entire Dominion at the beginning of the month was slightly downward. The construction industries continued to release large numbers of employees and manufacturing as a whole afforded less employment.

The bureau's figures are based on reports received from 5,890 employers with an aggregate working force of 812,262 persons on November 1, as compared with 819,831 on October 1, a month earlier. The contractions thus affected some 7,600 people. While the tendency is downward, it is pointed out that the situation is more favorable than at the same time in 1921 or 1922.

All the provinces shared in the downward movement; declines in the prairie provinces and in Quebec were most notable, while those in Ontario were nominal.

In the prairie provinces, the most important curtailment was in railway construction and maintenance. Improvement was reported in coal mines, biscuit and electric current establishments.

In British Columbia logging camps, coal and metallic ore mining were busier, but fruit canneries, sawmills, buildings and construction fell off.

Ottawa.—Unemployment among members of trades unions throughout the Dominion at the beginning of October is reported by the department of labor at 2 per cent, as compared with 2.2 per cent. at the beginning of September. On October 1 a year ago, the percentage was 2.8.

Unemployment generally among all branches of workers, organized and unorganized, as reported by the government employment service, continued to decrease during September, a record being shown in the number of placements made.

## Canada Handling More Grain Shipments

Report Shows Gratifying Increase In Last Few Years

Ottawa.—The growth of grain shipments through Canadian ports show a marked increase according to statistics at the Marine Department. Back in 1916 shipments of Canadian grain through Canadian ports totalled only 91,082,702 bushels and through the States 165,949,989 bushels. The tendency to overcome this adverse showing gradually is indicated by figures for the present year to September 1, by which time 108,518,485 bushels had passed through the States ports.

## FOOD PRICES IN GERMANY ARE PROHIBITIVE

Berlin.—Germany is in the midst of a financial frenzy. Prices have passed all reason. Figuring in trillions and handling hundred trillion-mark notes has seemingly unbalanced the minds of some of the producers, storekeepers and restaurant proprietors. An ordinary omelet of two eggs cost five gold marks or more than one dollar, and meat dishes twice that amount. The price of a single apple in the cafes is two and a half gold marks, or more than sixty cents.

The prices of clothing and leather goods are proportionately high and are still soaring. The cost of food in the markets is beyond comprehension as the supply is short and the producers are unwilling to accept paper marks.

Germans are travelling into Czechoslovakia, Holland, Austria, Poland and Denmark buying foodstuffs and all sorts of manufactured articles, thus duplicating the performances of the residents of those countries a year ago, when they invaded Germany and bought heavily before the prices rose here in proportion to the marks decline.

Practically all the financial operations in Germany now take place outside the banks, as the official rate on the mark is 100 per cent. higher than the rate on the "Black Bourso." The illicit money dealers not only pay twice as much as the banks, but they have actual marks while the banks pretend not to have them. Nearly every man, woman and child in Berlin is searching for bargains in exchange in efforts to meet the excessive living costs.



## To the People of Gleichen and District

We wish to express our thanks to all those who made it possible for us to save our stock from the great fire that our town has suffered, and especially to the farmers who so readily came to our assistance with their teams. Our stock is the largest it has ever been, \$45,000 of general merchandise. This enormous stock had to be moved in two hours, there is no damage to it from fire or water, only the containers being broken during the removal of same.

The adjusters have been more than fair with us, so we are going to give the people of this district real bargains, in the enormous sale we are going to launch in the near future, which it will undoubtedly pay you to wait for.

Although we have lost our main business block, a cloud has been lifted from us, and in the near future we will see a real block built and will be able to lock up at night and go home with out that ever present fear of fire that haunted us in the past.

Again thanking you all for the great part you played in salving our stock,

We are as ever, your obedient servants,

**Webster Bros.**

### TOWN AND DISTRICT

The Women's Auxiliary of St. Andrew's Church will hold a sale of needlework, home cooking and a wheel drive on Friday evening, December 14 in the Masonic Hall, at 8 o'clock. There will be offered for sale a number of house dresses, aprons and a fine collection of dressed dolls.

Miss B. Benoit and Miss Y. Gosselin left last Thursday to spend their Christmas holidays in Montreal and Cornwall. Miss Benoit expects to return sometime in March, but Miss Gosselin will, after New Year's resume her studies at Sherbrooke, Quebec.

A couple of Indians saw a good chance at the fire to get some extracts while helping to move Webster Bros. stock. Const. Himelick was not long in detecting the influence of the extract on the red men and as a result one is now at Lethbridge for 60 days and the other paid a fine.

Mrs. Lester and family left for Calgary, last Sunday, where they will remain for the winter.

Miss P. Williams left for the old Country last Thursday on an extended visit.

### THE UNITED CHURCH

The services on Sunday December 16th will be conducted by the pastor Rev. John Pate as follows:  
Morning worship at 11:30  
Subject: "Why Did He Do It?"  
Evening at 7:30.  
Subject: "A Costly Journey."  
Special music at both services.  
Sunday School and Bible Class at 10:30.

CLUNY UNITED CHURCH  
Services in the old Trading Company's Store, Sunday at 2 o'clock.

Illustrated lecture: "The Passion Play of Oberammergau." Friday Friday at 7:30 p.m.

All changes of ads should reach the Call office not later than Monday noon to insure publication.

### COMING EVENTS

Ads. under Coming Events 25c. per count line, unless otherwise advertised in the Call.

Dec. 12—J. M. Miller & Son auction sale at Arrowood.

Dec. 14—"The Toy Shop" play and dance in Milo Hall.

Dec. 22—Auction sale of S. Armstrong's household goods.

Dec. 20—Auction sale of Mrs. L. Simonin farm implements.

Dec. 15—W. A. of St. Andrew's Church sale

### Auction Sale

Instructed by Mr. S. Armstrong I will sell by public Auction on

**Sat. Dec. 22**  
**AT HIS RESIDENCE ON**  
**8TH AVENUE**

his entire household effects comprising:

Quarter cut oak dining room suit

Administer rug

White enamel bedsteads

White enamel dresser

Arm chair

Small tables

Bed couch

Kitchen table

Mats

Books

Bath

Wash tubs

Kitchen utensils

Dishes, and etc.

**TERMS CASH**

**SALE WILL START AT**

**2:30 P.M.**

**T. H. BEACH**

**Auctioneer.**

**HE MODERN ALADDIN**

**KEROSENE MANTLE LAMP**

**20th CENTURY MARVEL**

**JOHN A. FISHER**

**(REPRESENTING SOUTH ALTA.)**

**GLEICHEN BOX 116, ALBERTA**

### MISCELLANEOUS

Notices under this heading 15 words or under 50c. first insertion and 25c. each subsequent insertion—3 weeks \$1. Over 15 words one cent per word for each insertion.

When any brands have to be cut a charge of 25c. each is made.  
Brand reading notices \$1.50 for each animal, three insertions. Over 15 words 1 cent per word extra each insertion.

FOR SALE—Good fresh Jersey cow \$75. H. Campbell, box 41 Gleichen 39

FOR SALE—A large sized heater, like new. Apply H. Michael 38tf

WANTED—Position in General Store by a girl with some experience. Permanent position preferred. Apply to Call Office. 38

FOR SALE—Barred Rock Cockerals May hatched, Parks laying strain. \$1 each. Goodwin, 113 Gleichen. 39tf

LOST—D. E. black gold watch, 23 jewel watch, fob attached attached. For reward phone R1506 or leave at Call office. 37

FOR SALE—Registered Black Birkshire Boar. Apply to A. D. Batty, Phone 111, Gleichen 38tf

FOR SALE—Green feed (corn and peas) splendid for milk cows, apply A. D. Batty, Gleichen phone 111 38tf

FOR SALE—A good 6 roomed house, full basement, with furnace, barn and good water. Reasonable price. A. Smith, Gleichen. 31tf

FOR RENT—An office or store in Brown's Block. Apply E. W. Brown, Gleichen. 38tf

### NOTICE

Having re-opened the butcher shop at the Arrowood Consolidated School we will appreciate your trade. We are now in position to meet your requirements in Acetylene Welding. 38 **ROBISON & BRUBAKER**

The Women's Auxiliary of St. Andrew's Church will hold a sale of needle work and home cooking in W. H. James store on Saturday afternoon December 16th, at 2 p.m.

Keep your eye on the label on the Call

## Business as Usual

We wish at this time to thank our friends and patrons who so willingly assisted us in carrying out our stock from our threatened building during the recent disastrous fire.

**STABBACK & BROWN**

BOYS' AND MEN'S OUTFITTERS

## A FEW IDEAS FOR CHRISTMAS

Presents to suit all  
persons and pockets

Carving Sets  
Percolators  
Casseroles  
Gasoline Lamps and Lanterns  
Child's Aluminum Sets  
Aluminum Roasters  
Skates, Hockey Sticks, Etc., Etc., Etc.

**FLANAGAN BROS.**  
**HARDWARE**

PHONE 84

GLEICHEN

### NOTICE

All persons are hereby warned against buying any grain, hay or other produce, cattle, horses, wagons, harness, saddles, mowers or rakes from any Indian of the Blackfoot Reserve without an officially printed permit issued by the Indian Agent.

Also not to take in pledge or make any loan upon any article to any Indian under penalty of having any such articles seized and being prosecuted for illegal pawnings.

G. H. GOODERHAM  
Indian Agent.

FOR SALE \$40.00

I am offering my Herd Boar of last season for sale. Age 18 months, weight around 500 pounds. This Registered Tamworth Boar is a record breaker for producing large litters of long, strong, well built pigs. The young boars have been sold to the Live Stock Branch of the Dominion Government.

W. M. LYLE, Phone 908

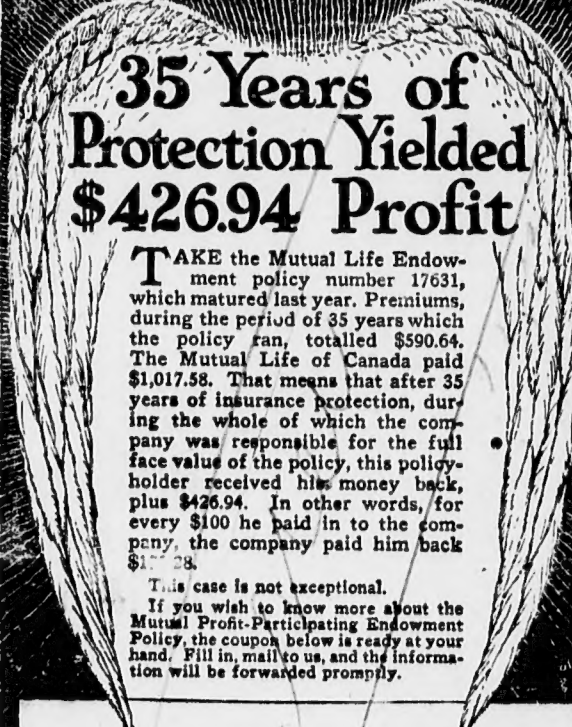
### What Did You Give Last Christmas?

TOYS for the kiddies—all broken now, "Something useful" for the grown-ups—now worn out or forgotten. A cash bonus for your employees—appreciated but long since spent. Other "last-minute" presents—expensive but unsuitable. Are they remembered now? Q This year give them a Bank Book—make their first deposit and urge them to add to it regularly. Q Could anything be more suitable and enduring?

A Special Christmas Cover is provided for Gift Books.

**The Royal Bank of Canada**

C323



**35 Years of  
Protection Yielded  
\$426.94 Profit**

TAKE the Mutual Life Endowment policy number 17631, which matured last year. Premiums, during the period of 35 years which the policy ran, totalled \$590.64. The Mutual Life of Canada paid \$1,017.58. That means that after 35 years of insurance protection, during the whole of which the company was responsible for the full face value of the policy, this policyholder received his money back, plus \$426.94. In other words, for every \$100 he paid in to the company, the company paid him back \$152.84.

This case is not exceptional. If you wish to know more about the Mutual Profit-Participating Endowment Policy, the coupon below is ready at your hand. Fill in, mail to us, and the information will be forwarded promptly.

**THE MUTUAL LIFE  
of Canada: Waterloo, Ontario**  
"The Net Cost Life Insurance Company"

Please send me detailed information as to the Mutual Life System of Insurance at Cost, particularly concerning the plan of policy I have specified below.

Name.....  
Address.....  
Post Office.....  
Age.....

Province.....  
Policy Plan.....

LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE  
**E. W. Taylor, Gleichen, Alta.**

### DO YOU REALIZE THE DANGER OF Stubble Fire?

We will insure your grain while  
in stook at a very small cost.

**HENDERSON & MALLORY**